# Australian Standard®

Methods for the analysis of zinc and zinc alloys

Part 6: Determination of copper content (0.25% to 1.25%)—Flame atomic absorption spectrometric method

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The following interests are represented on Committee CH/10:

Aluminium Development Council
Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy
Australian Lead Development Association
Bureau of Steel Manufacturers
Copper Technical Data Centre
National Association of Testing Authorities, Australia
Railways of Australia Committee

Additional interests participating in preparation of Standard:

Analytical laboratories

Department of Defence, Materials Research Laboratory

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#### RECONFIRMATION

# OF AS 1329.6—1994

Methods for the analysis of zinc and zinc alloys
Part 6: Determination of copper content (0.25% to 1.25%)—Flame atomic
absorption spectrometric method

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Approved for reconfirmation in accordance with Standards Australia procedures for reconfirmation on 31 July 2016.

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Part 6: Determination of copper content (0.25% to 1.25%)—Flame atomic absorption spectrometric method

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#### **PREFACE**

This Standard was prepared by the Standards Australia Committee CH/10 on the Analysis of Metals to supersede AS 1329.6—1981, Methods for the analysis of zinc and zinc alloys, Part 6: Determination of copper content (0.25 percent to 1.25 percent)—Flame atomic absorption spectrometric method.

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# STANDARDS AUSTRALIA

### **Australian Standard**

# Methods for the analysis of zinc and zinc alloys

Part 6: Determination of copper content (0.25% to 1.25%)— Flame atomic absorption spectrometric method

1 SCOPE This Standard sets out a flame atomic absorption spectrometric method for the determination of the copper content of zinc and zinc alloys. The method is suitable for the determination of copper content in the range 0.25% to 1.25%. The method is suitable for the determination of copper in diecast alloys containing a maximum of:

Aluminium	4.3%
Cadmium	0.003%
Iron	0.08%
Lead	0.005%
Magnesium	0.08%
Tin	0.001%

**2 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS** The following documents are referred to in this Standard:

AS

- 2134 Recommended practice for chemical analysis by atomic absorption spectrometry
- 2134.1 Part 1: Flame atomic absorption spectrometry
- 2162 Code of practice for the use of volumetric glassware
- 2164 One-mark volumetric flasks
- 2166 One-mark pipettes
- 2167 Straight pipettes
- 2347 Method for the sampling of zinc metal and zinc alloys for chemical analysis
- 2850 Chemical analysis—Interlaboratory test programs—For determining precision of analytical method(s)—Guide to the planning and conduct

BS

- Report on reproducibility of methods of chemical analysis used in the iron and steel industry
- **3 PRINCIPLE** The sample is dissolved in nitric acid and the copper determined by flame atomic absorption spectrometry.

#### 4 REAGENTS

**4.1 General requirements** During the analysis, only reagents of recognized analytical reagent grade, and only distilled water or water of equivalent purity, shall be used. Solutions shall be freshly prepared and, where necessary, filtered.

## 4.2 Special reagents

- **4.2.1** Zinc metal (>99.99% zinc) containing less than 1 μg of copper per g.
- **4.2.2** *Nitric acid* ( $\rho_{20}$  1.42 g/mL)